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1.	 discussion, and thinkingoral language. The student develops oral language through listening, speaking, and discussion. The student is expected to: A. listen actively, ask relevant questions to clarify information, and make pertinent comments; B. follow, restate, and give oral instructions that involve a series of related sequences of action; C. speak coherently about the topic under discussion, employing eye contact, speaking rate, volume, enunciation, and the conventions of language to communicate ideas effectively; D. work collaboratively with others by following agreed-upon rules, norms, and protocols; and E. develop social communication such as conversing politely in all situations. 	 A. self-select text and read independently for a sustained period of time. Comprehension skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student uses metacognitive skills to both develop and deepen comprehension of increasingly complex texts. The student is expected to: A. establish purpose for reading assigned and self-selected texts; B. generate questions about text before, during, and after reading to deepen understanding and gain information; C. make, correct, or confirm predictions using text features, characteristics of genre, and structures; D. create mental images to deepen understanding; E. make connections to personal experiences, ideas in other texts, and society; F. make inferences and use evidence to support understanding; G. evaluate details read to determine key ideas; H. synthesize information to create new understanding; and I. monitor comprehension and make adjustments such as re-reading, using background knowledge, asking questions, and annotating when understanding breaks down. 7. Response skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student responds to an increasingly challenging variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to: A. describe personal connections to a variety of sources, including self-selected texts; B. write a response to a literary or informational text that demonstrates an understanding of a text; C. use text evidence to support an appropriate response; D. retell and paraphrase texts in ways that maintain meaning and logical order; E. interact with sources in meaningful ways such as notetaking, annotating, freewriting, or illustrating; F. respond using newly acquired vocabulary as appropriate; and G. discuss specific ideas in the text that are important to the meaning. 	11.	The his c A. B. C. D. E. F. G. Corr writi texts A. B. C. D.
3. 4. 5.	 r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables; ii. spelling homophones; iii. spelling compound words, contractions, and abbreviations; iv. spelling multisyllabic words with multiple sound-spelling patterns; v. spelling words using knowledge of syllable division patterns such as VCCV, VCV, and VCCCV; vi. spelling words using knowledge of prefixes; and viii. spelling words using knowledge of suffixes, including how they can change base words such as dropping e, changing y to i, and doubling final consonants; C. alphabetize a series of words to the third letter; and D. write complete words, thoughts, and answers legibly in cursive leaving appropriate spaces between words. Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinkingvocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively. The student is expected to: A. use print or digital resources to determine meaning, syllabication, and pronunciation; B. use context within and beyond a sentence to determine the meaning of unfamiliar words and multiple-meaning words; C. identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as im- (into), non-, dis-, in- (not, non), pre-, -ness, -y, and -ful; and D. identify, use, and explain the meaning of antonyms, synonyms, idioms, homophones, and homographs in a text. Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinkingfluency. The student reads grade-level text with fluency and complemension. The student is expected to: A. use appropriate fluency (rate, accuracy, and prosody) when reading grade-level text. 	 Multiple genres: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple textsliterary elements. The student recognizes and analyzes literary elements within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse literary texts. The student is expected to: A. infer the theme of a work, distinguishing theme from topic; B. explain the relationships among the major and minor characters; C. analyze plot elements, including the sequence of events, the conflict, and the resolution; and D. explain the influence of the setting on the plot. Multiple genres: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts-genres. The student recognizes and analyzes genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse texts. The student is expected to: A. demonstrate knowledge of distinguishing characteristics of well-known children's literature such as folktales, fables, fairy tales, legends, and myths; B. explain rhyme scheme, sound devices, and structural elements such as tanzas in a variety of poems; C. discuss elements of drama such as characters, dialogue, setting, and acts; D. recognize characteristics and structures of informational text, including:		E. Com texts mult A. B. C. D. Inqu mult inqu A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H.
	grade-appropriate texts independently. The student is expected to:	multiple texts. The student uses critical inquiry to analyze the authors' choices		

and how they influence and communicate meaning within a variety of texts.

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he student analyzes and applies author's craft purposefully in order to develop is or her own products and performances. The student is expected to:

explain the author's purpose and message within a text; explain how the use of text structure contributes to the author's purpose; explain the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes; describe how the author's use of imagery, literal and figurative language such as simile, and sound devices such as onomatopoeia achieves specific purposes; identify the use of literary devices, including first- or third-person point of view; discuss how the author's use of language contributes to voice; and identify and explain the use of hyperbole.

omposition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts-riting process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple exts that are legible and uses appropriate conventions. The student is expected to:

- plan a first draft by selecting a genre for a particular topic, purpose, and audience using a range of strategies such as brainstorming, freewriting, and mapping; develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing by: i. organizing with purposeful structure, including an introduction and a conclusion; and developing an engaging idea with relevant details;
- revise drafts to improve sentence structure and word choice by adding,
- deleting, combining, and rearranging ideas for coherence and clarity;
- edit drafts using standard English conventions, including:
 - complete simple and compound sentences with subject-verb agreement; past, present, and future verb tense;
 - singular, plural, common, and proper nouns;
 - adjectives, including their comparative and superlative forms;
 - adverbs that convey time and adverbs that convey manner;
 - prepositions and prepositional phrases;
 - pronouns, including subjective, objective, and possessive cases;
- viii. coordinating conjunctions to form compound subjects, predicates, and sentences;
 - capitalization of official titles of people, holidays, and geographical names and places;
 - punctuation marks, including apostrophes in contractions and possessives
 - and commas in compound sentences and items in a series; and
- xi. correct spelling of words with grade-appropriate orthographic
 - patterns and rules and high-frequency words; and
- publish written work for appropriate audiences.

omposition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple exts--genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose ultiple texts that are meaningful. The student is expected to:

- compose literary texts, including personal narratives and
- poetry, using genre characteristics and craft;
- compose informational texts, including brief compositions that convey information
- about a topic, using a clear central idea and genre characteristics and craft;
- compose argumentative texts, including opinion essays,
- using genre characteristics and craft; and
- compose correspondence such as thank you notes or letters.

quiry and research: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using ultiple texts. The student engages in both short-term and sustained recursive iquiry processes for a variety of purposes. The student is expected to:

- generate questions on a topic for formal and informal inquiry;
- develop and follow a research plan with adult assistance;
- identify and gather relevant information from a variety of sources;
- identify primary and secondary sources;
- demonstrate understanding of information gathered;
- recognize the difference between paraphrasing and plagiarism when using source materials; create a works cited page; and
- use an appropriate mode of delivery, whether written, oral, or multimodal, to present results.

